

Estación #2: El Juego de Jenga

Directions:

- ✓ Set up the Jenga.
- ✓ Take turns each pulling out one Jenga piece.
- ✓ Look at the number and find the sentence below.
- ✓ Translate into English, writing it on the whiteboard and saying it out loud.
- ✓ Check the accuracy on the back. If wrong, discuss the grammar points as a team.

1	You want to dance.	15	We prefer to go the mall on Saturday.
2	He is going to the park.	16	I want to watch a movie on Friday.
3	I am going to study Spanish.	17	I go to church on Sundays.
4	They are going to the mall to shop.	18	We like to go to the pool to swim.
5	We want to go to the theater.	19	Max goes to the library to study.
6	I go to the gym with my friends.	20	Sam loves to go to the movie theater.
7	Rachel goes to her friend's parties on Saturdays.	21	Alix goes to the track to practice track and field.
8	You guys are going to sleep this weekend.	22	You go to school to work. (formal)
9	I want to sing.	23	They want to drink tea in a café.
10	She goes to the library to read.	24	We go to the field to play football.
11	I prefer to play baseball.	25	She wants to write a book.
12	You are going to the field to play soccer. (informal)	26	You all are going to play this summer.
13	They are going to dance.	27	He likes to go to concerts.
14	We are going to eat dinner.		

Las respuestas:

inglés	español	estructura de frase
1. You want to dance.	Tú quieres bailar.	4
2. He is going to the park.	Él va al parque.	1
3. I am going to study Spanish.	Yo voy a estudiar español.	2
4. They are going to the mall to shop.	Ellos van al centro comercial para ir de compras.	3
5. We want to go to the theater.	Nosotros queremos ir al cine.	4
6. I go to the gym with my friends.	Yo voy al gimnasio con mis amigos.	1
7. Rachel goes to her friend's parties on Saturdays.	Rachel va a las fiestas de tu amigo los sábados.	1
8. You guys are going to sleep this weekend.	Ustedes van a dormir este fin de semana.	2
9. I want to sing.	Yo quiero cantar.	4
10. She goes to the library to read.	Ella va a la biblioteca para leer.	3
11. I prefer to play baseball.	Yo prefiero jugar al béisbol.	4
12. You are going to the field to play soccer. (informal)	Tú vas al campo para jugar al fútbol.	3
13. They are going to dance.	Ellos van a bailar.	2
14. We are going to eat dinner.	Nosotros vamos a comer la cena.	2
15. We prefer to go the mall on Saturday.	Nosotros preferimos ir al centro comercial los sábados.	3,1
16. I want to watch a movie on Friday.	Yo quiero ver una película este viernes.	4
17. I go to church on Sundays.	Yo voy a la iglesia los domingos.	1
18. We like to go to the pool to swim.	Nos gusta ir a la piscina para nadar.	4,3
19. Max goes to the library to study.	Max va a la biblioteca para estudiar.	3
20. Sam loves to go to the movie theater.	A Sam le encanta ir al cine.	4,1
21. Alix goes to the track to practice track and field.	Alix va a la pista para practicar atletismo.	3
22. You go to school to work. (formal)	Ud. va a la escuela para trabajar.	3
23. They want to drink tea in a café.	Ellos quieren beber el té en un café.	4
24. We go to the field to play football.	Nosotros vamos al campo para jugar al fútbol americano.	3
25. She wants to write a book.	Ella quiere escribir un libro.	4
26. You all are going to play this summer.	Uds. van a jugar este verano.	2
27. He likes to go to concerts.	A él le gusta ir a los conciertos.	4, 1

Puntos de gramática:

#1 ir + a + a place	#2 ir + a + an infinitive	#3 ir + a + a place + para + an infinitive	#4 querer + an infinitive
<p>This sentence is used to communicate that someone is or isn't going somewhere.</p>	<p>This sentence is used to communicate that someone is or isn't going to do something.</p>	<p>This sentence is used to communicate someone is or isn't going somewhere to do something.</p>	<p>This sentence is used to communicate that someone wants or doesn't want to do something.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Remember to conjugate 'ir' for the subject, i.e. who is doing the going: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - yo voy - tú vas - él va, ella va, Ud. va - nosotros vamos - ellos van, Uds. van - *This is an irregular verb, so you must memorize each conjugated form. 	<p style="text-align: center;">← (ditto)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">← (ditto)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">← (ditto)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">← (ditto)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Remember to conjugate 'querer' for the subject, i.e. who wants something (yo quiero, tú quieres, él quiere, nosotros queremos*, ellos quieren, etc.). This is a stem-changing verb, so you must remember to include the 'i' in all forms <i>besides the nosotros conjugation</i>. This form uses the regular 'er' ending. <p style="text-align: center;">← (ditto)</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Memorize the subject pronouns (yo, tú, él, ella, Usted, nosotros, nosotras, ellos, ellas, Ustedes). You must know these to successfully communicate in Spanish. - When you talk about going to a masculine place, such as 'el cine', you must create the contraction 'al' in your sentence. Ex: 'Yo voy al cine.' This means 'to the'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Don't forget the 'a' in this structure! It comes before the infinitive! Ex: 'Vamos a comer.' - Use the infinitive verb form after the 'a'. Remember that infinitive verbs have an -ar, -er, or -ir ending (comprar, creer, compartir). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This sentence uses parts of the first two sentence structures. This big difference is remembering to use the word 'para' to transition from the part of the sentence that says where someone is going to what that person is going to do in that place. Ex: 'Tú vas al café para comer.' You are going to the café to eat. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Remember that when you use two verbs together in a pair, the first verb is conjugated, while the second stays in its infinitive form. Ex. Yo quiero bailar. Querer changes, while bailar keeps its 'ar' ending. - 'A' is not used in this sentence structure, therefore, writing 'Yo quiero a bailar' is INCORRECT.